WHEELING, W. VA., FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1890.

VOLUME XXXVIII-NUMBER 167.

Is the Cause of a Lively Debate in Congress.

PERSONALITIES INDULGED IN

By Mr. Cannon and Mr. Millikin Some Amusing Things Said and Done-Interesting News from the National Capital.

WASHINGTON, March 6 .- A bill called up in the House to-day appropriating \$200,000 for a public building at San Jose, California, was the object of a vig orous attack from Mr. Cannon, of Illinois. He criticised the action of the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, and alluded to the "pork in

In his town of Danville the postoflice site was leased for \$700 a year. That was sufficient for the postoffice building there and the business was more than the average of the business of towns where the committee provided for the erections of public buildings.

Mr. Milliken retorted that nobody doubted that the gentleman's town was a cheap town. [Laughter.] Mr. Cannon—If the gentleman de-

scends—
Mr. Milliken—No, I am simply admitting the truth of your own argument.
Mr. Cannon said that from the business and restlessness of the gentleman from Maine when any one rose to criticise his committee, it would seem to be treason to the gentleman and humanity to do so. When in good faith he [Cannon] called attention to the appropria non] called attention to the appropria-tions made by these bills, the gentleman rose and indulged in allusions which were cheap, if not contemptible. The Republicans had told the country that under the new rules desirable legislation would be speedily enacted; yet these rules had not been in force a month before a special order was made for the consideration of public building bills. He would content himself in voting against bills which his judgement told him were not proper. Gentlemen must auswer to their constituents for their votes. If a member's constituenty will excuse him when he told them that he got for them \$75,000 or \$200,000 for improvident appropriations, he (Mr. Cannon) supposed that it was all right, [Laughter.]

[Laughter.]
Mr. Milliken said that he would endeavor to get along with his constituents without the lecture of the gentleman from Illinois. If it were not for his friendly feelings toward the gentleman from Illinois, he would suggest further that he had never seen a man attempt to impute to another man that he had "pork in the pot," that he was not the first fellow to get his hand into the pot. [Laughter.]

GROWS INTERESTING.

Mr. Cannon, approaching Mr. Milliken, asked the gentleman to be kind enough to explain his last remark. Did the gentleman mean to say by words or otherwise that he (Mr. Cannon) had

the gentleman mean to say by words or otherwise that he (Mr. Cannon) had saked or intimated that he desired the committee to recommend any bill.

Mr. Milliken suggested that it was a goest hold one at hing which nobody expected he had done at hing which nobody expected he had done. He was entirely responsible for what he had said.

Mr. Cannon understood the gentleman to say that he never knew a man to cry "Stop thief" that he was not trying to steal something.

Mr. Milliken said that the gentleman had reverely reflected upon the committee, and had talked about the people having "pork in the pot," but he did say that, were it not for his friendly relations with the gentleman, he would make the general remark that the man who cried out "stop, thief," was the first to steal. He did not desire a personal controversy with his friend, but when the gentleman attacked the committee in the way he did, he was justified in his reply. He did not seek a quarrel with his friend, but he would not run away from it.

Mr. Cannon said that he had criticised the committee, as he had a right to do. He had not criticised the gentleman personally, nor had he imputed aught against the personal integrity, of the gentleman, In his sixteen stays are wishington. The president to day sent to the Intelligencer.

Washington, D. C., March 6.—Conmessand Smith says that he thinks the Treasury Department will refund the Treasury Department will

personally, nor had he imputed aught against the personal integrity of the gentleman. In his sixteen years' service, no man had heard him impute aught against the personal character of any member. The legislative recommendamember: The legislative recommenda-tions of men and committees were sub-ject to criticism. "And if the gentle-man," he continued, "in his zeal, sought by innendo, or by intimation, to allego that if it had not been for his friendly relations with me, he could urge aught against my character or otherwise, here, now, let us have it, Seth Milliken."

As he was uttering these words, he was slowly approaching Mr. Milliken, and as he finished his sentence, he tapped that gentleman on the shoulder, amid the laughter of the House.

GOOD HUMOR. Throughout the colloquy both gentlemen manifested a great deal of excitement; but the House was very good humored and thoroughly enjoyed the controversy, which was ended by Mr. Milliken disclaiming any intention to

man in the world.

Mr. Peters, of Kansas, criticised the bill as being extravagant, and he asked Mr. Clunie, of California, in whose district San Jose is located, to give statistics showing the postofilce business there transacted.

showing the postofice business there transacted.

Mr. Clanie said that if he had known that his bill was going to create so much disturbance in the House he might not have introduced it. But he had thought that it would not be immodest in him (not having a public building in his district) to ask Congress to give him one. [Laughter]. He was informed by gentlemen on the Republican side that there was a disposition on the part of Congress to expend public money in giving the people buildings spacessary to carry on their business. He did not believe that after he had voted for every bill coming from the Republican side, the gentleman from Illinois would create so much excitement over the first bill coming from the Democratical coming from from Illinois would create so much excitement over the first bill coming from the Democratic side. [Laughter.] What better use could Congress put money to than in distributing it over the country in public buildings? While the pile was being divided round he did not think it immodest to ask a little slice for San Jose. [Laughter]. There was not a man on the Republican side who has not patted him on his back and said "Clunle, we will stand by you." [Laughter], and the Democrate were anxious to get a chance to vote for his bill.

Mr. Peters said that there was an idea the country had a plethoric treasury. But unfortunately, the extravagance of the late Democratic administration had almost entirely wiped out the surplus.

er further debate the bill was laid

After further debate the bill was laid aside favorably, the committee rising. It, together with the proceeding bills, were reported to the House.

Mr. Cannon 'made a vigorous fight against the Washington, D. U., postoffice bill, moving to adjourn amid cries of "dilatory motion" from the Democrats

and raising the point of "no quorum" amid shouls of "fillibustering" from the

amin should of "hindustering from the same source.

The Speaker counted a quorum and the bill was passed, as were other bills reported favorably.

The House then adjourned.

DUTY ON HOPS.

The Brower's Association Represented Be-fore the Ways and Means Committee. Washington, D. C., March 6.—The Ways and Means Committee to-day heard representatives of the Brewers' Association in opposition to an increas of the duty on hops. President Lefens of Chicago, presented a number of statistics and argued that an increase of the duty would not benefit the American hop grower, as they produced nominally all the hops required for domestic consumption, except a few imported hops used for flavoring beer. Their hops were the best in the world and large quantities were exported. The duty would cause the brewers to suffer severely in those years when there was a failure of the domestic crop. The brewers were satisfied with the present duty of eight cents per pound, which, in 1888, amounted to an advalorem duty of nearly 44 per cent; but if there was to be an increase in the duty on hops then a corresponding increase should be made in the duty on imported beers. of Chicago, presented a number of sta then a corresponding increase should made in the duty on imported beers.

A SERIOUS CHARGE

tgainst a Man who Rescued Miss Tracy's
Diamonds from the Fire, Washington, D. C., March 6 .- Thos Reidy, a substitute fireman, has been arrested for stealing a diamond bracelet rested for stealing a diamond bracelet valued at \$1,000, at the fire at Secretary Tracy's house. Reidy, who admits that he had been drinking on the morning of the fire, recovered a set of jewelry worth nearly \$4,000. He turned the jewelry over to the foreman of one of the companies, but it is alleged that he kept a bracelet worth \$1,000 or more. The bracelet was the property of Miss Tracy, who lost her life at the fire. Reidy denice the charges.

West Virginia Public Building Bills.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WABHINGTON, D. C., March 6.—Congressman Wilson says he is hopeful that ne will be able to secure the passage of the bill providing for the erection of a Public Building at Martinsburg. It has passed the Senate and the House committee has reported it favorably, and it is on the House calendar. The House had under consideration to-day the bills favorably reported for public buildings, but the Martinsburg bill was not reached. The Wheeling bill introduced by Mr. Pendleton has not yet been considered by the committee. The committee has by the committee. The committee has reduced the amount for the Martinsburg building from \$125,000 to \$75,000.

For Destroyed Church Property.

Washington, D. C., March 6 .- Con ressman Wilson introduced two bills gressman Wisson introduced two bills to-day, each providing for the payments of church property belonging to the M. E. churches at Boothesville, Marion county, and Beverly, Randolph county, which was destroyed during the war. Both bills provided for the payment of \$1,500 to each church.

Thinks They Will Get It.

fresident to-day sent to the Senate the following, nominations of postmasters:
Pennsylvania-John B. Emery, Williamsport; John A. Gilleland, Allegheny;
Mrs. Josephine Reid, Connellsville;
Augustus D. Welty, Greensburg; Owen Fowler, Freeland.
Ohio-Matthew C. Mitchell, Martin's

Paper Currency. WASHINGTON, D. C., March 6 .- The

House Committee on banking and cur-rency to-day discussed at length a bill providing for the issue of paper curren-cy notes in denominations of 5,25 cents, etc. Finally the subject was referred to

Ought to Pass.

WASHINGTON, D. O., March 6,—Mr. Lawler, of Illinois, to-day presented a petition of 6,000 railway postal clerks praying for an increase of salary.

PRINTER DONNELLY'S FAILURE

fore Serious Than First Reported-Th CHICAGO, March 6 .- The failure of the printers of the Chicago City Directory, R. R. Donnelly & Sons, proves to b even more disastrous than was at first supposed. Additional judgments were supposed. Additional judgments were entered to-day amounting to over \$30,000. The limit of outstanding obligations was yesterday represented to be \$100,000. It is now understood from attorneys interested in the case, that the liabilities will probably reach \$175,000, while the assets, as stated yesterday, will probably not realize more than \$40,000.

THE REPUBLICAN LEAGUE.

Half the Convention at Chattanooga - Mar Will Go Farther South. CHATTANOOGA, TENN., March 6 .bout 300 delegates to the National Convention of Republican Clubs, which adjourned at Nashville yesterday, arrived here at 1 o'clock this afternoon or row. Quite a large delegation, however will go to Memphis, Atlanta, Birming ham and other cities.

A NEGRO'S FIND.

He Plows Up \$16,000 in Gold and It is Stolen from Him. NASHVILLE, ARK., March 6.—Eight named John Reel, while plowing in

THE KAMPF HANGING.

An Effort to Have the Charleston Murderer Respited.

ALL ARRANGEMENTS MADE

Sentence To-day-Physicians Say the Condemned Man is an

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., March 6.-It is stated on good authority to-night that an effort will be made by certain physicians and Rev. Father Stenger, the spiritual adviser of Felix Kampi, who is to be hung to-morrow, to have the to be hung to-morrow, to have the Governor respite the criminal for thirty days, on the ground that he is an idlot. There are grave doubts by many of the best citizens that Kampi is a sane man. The scaffold is built and all preparations have been made for his execution, which will take place between 12 and 2 o'clock. Governor Fleming is adsent from the city, and it is hardly probable that a respite will be granted.

MADE CLEAR AT LAST.

Prominent Business Man Confesses to Murder Committed Many Years Age.
Norristown, Pa., March 6.—Alte wenty-four years the mystery surrounding the assassination of Dr. Joseph H. Levering, of Lower Mercen, has at last

Levering, of Lower Mercen, has at last been solved. The murder was one of the most noted of its day by reason of the most noted of its day by reason of the sensational features aurrounding it. The veil has at last been lifted by the death-bed confession of John G. Henderson, who died in that place Tuesday evening within a short distance of the scene of the tragedy February 13, 1866.

Dr. Levering, who had been making a professional visit, was in the act of putting away his team for the night, and while coming out of the stable the report of a gun was heard from behind a stone was close to Henderson's store between the villages of Rosemont and Whitehall.

The unusual report of a gun within the yard of the dwelling aroused the family and the lifeless body was found two minutes after the shooting. Alarm and excitement drew a large crowd that evening, and every householder joined in scouring the neighborhood for the assassin, Henderson assisting his neighbors. The excitement occasioned by the shooting was slow to die out. The leading citizens of the locality, including and ferring a ferring a

shooting was slow to die out. The lead-ing citizens of the locality, including Henderson, issued circulars offering a roward of \$1,000 for the apprehension of the murderer. With the lapse of time the murder sank from public attention, but gossip recounted many interesting incidents in the relationship which had existed between Henderson and Lev-ering.

ing. Henderson was the proprietor of the village store, and was of good repute When the war broke out Dr. Levering was drafted and Henderson went to the When the war broke out Dr. Levering was drafted and Henderson went to the army as his substitute. Among other considerations for this service the Doctor was to have charge of Henderson's business and his family. It was said at the time that Henderson became jealous of the Doctor's attention to the family, but he afterwards showed no evidence of such feelings. The crime was not attributed to him. Henderson resumed his business, and twenty-five years subsequently illuess compelled him to retire. He moved to Philadelphia, but returned to his former home and once again became a leading citizen of Lower Mercen. Fearing that this illness was to be his last he called in his family to his bedside Tuesday afternoon and in the presence of his family physician confessed to killing Dr. Levering in cold blood. He described the tragedy minutely, and also confessed to sending Dr. Levering on a decoy call previous to the shooting, Henderson expired a little before midnight. He gave no reason for his bloody deed, and the confession has caused as much of an excitement as did the crime itself.

CHALKLEY LECONEY

CAMDEN, N. J., March 6.—Since the acquittal of Chalkley LeConey of the charge of murdering his niece, there has whether or not he would remain here

and ferret out the murderer. This was settled by the announcemen This was settled by the annotational this morning that, outside of any reward the State may offer, the uncle ha offered a reward of \$500 for the appre

offered a reward of \$500 for the apprehension and conviction of the man or men who killed his niece. In addition to this it is stated that the attorneys who defended him in the trial are still retained by him, but for what purpose could not be definitely learned.

It is currently reported that sait is to be brought against the State officers for damages for false arrest and imprisonment, and that several papers are to be sued for libel. County Clerk Burroughs stated to-day that LeConey had never intended leaving the country, but would continue on the old farm.

DEED OF A FIEND.

il Poured Over a Negro's Feet and Than CHICAGO, March 6.—Wm. Jones. Hospital last night, the victim of an ac

of fiendishness almost unparalleled. Monday night, while in the saloon of Ben Kersey, at 598 South Clark street, he fell asleep in a chair. Unable to arouse him, George Williams, alias "Texas," poured a quart of petroleum oil over Joses' feet and legs and set the

burned about the lower limbs, and the bospital physicians fear he will lose the use of his feet. The fiend who commit ted the act is in hiding.

A Mystery Solved.

Youngstown, O., March 6.-The mys tery of the numerous attempts to wreck tery of the numerous attempts to wreck trains on the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio railroad in this vicinity has been cleared at last. Detectives have been working on the case for some time and their efforts resulted in the arrest of George Esterly this morning. Esterly broke down and confessed, implicating one Jordan. The object of their desper-ate attempts he refuses to givê.

WASHINGTON, PA., March 6. - The

WASHINGTON, PA., March 6.—The Tyler Tube Works will start up on Monday morning next, employing about 100 men. There will be a great deal of work for them, as the demand for tubes and casing is great in the oil field. It is probable that the company will erect houses near their works for their men to live in. If this is done there will probably be a company store in connection with the works.

Nicaragua Canal.

NEW YORK, March 6 .- At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Nicarsgua Canal Construction Company here to-day, Hon. Warner Miller was elected President of the company and Mr. A. O. Cheny, heretofore the Presi-dent, was elected Vice President, THE OHIO GERRYMANDER

Now a Law-The Ryan Sunday Law COLUMBUS, O., March 6.-The Senate this evening passed the House bill, redisricting the State for Congressional pur poses, and it is now a law. No amend-ments to the original bill as introduced were made. All Democrats supported

The Ryan bill, amending the Owen Sunday closing law so as to give councils of cities and villages the right to decide whether saloons shall be kept open on that day, passed the Senate. Senator Schneider, (Republican) of Cincinnati, voted for the bill.

MINISTER PENDLETON'S REMAINS route to Cincinnati-The Funeral Ar

NEW YORK. March 6 .- The remains of Hon. George H. Pendleton, late United States Minister to Germany, and formerly United States Senator from Ohio which were taken last Friday from the aloop of war Enterprise, and have been in this city since that time, were shipped to-day on the "limited" express. Senator Pendleton's remains were sent over the Pennsylvania railroad, and F. K. Pendleton, his son, accompanied the body, which was escorted to the depot by the committee of the Ohio Society. The committee consists on Hon. Calvin S. Brice, Judge Hoadley, General Swayne, General Ewing, Hon, M. J. Southard and Warren Higley. The body will be taken over the Pennsylvania and Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis railroads. At Stenbenville, O., the nearest point to the State line of Ohio, the committee appointed by the citizens of Cincintee appointed by the citizens o aloop of war Enterprise, and have been mittee appointed by the citizens of Cin-cinuati, of which Mayor Mosby is chair-man, will meet and take charge of the body. The (uneral will take place from man, will meet and take charge of the body. The funeral will take place from Christ church on Saturday in that city. Mr. Pendleton's wife died two years ago, while his two daughters are still abroad. The only immediate relative, beside Mr. Frank Pendleton, his son, is Mr. Elliott Pendleton, of Cincinnati, the ex-Minister's brother.

CINCINNATI, O., March 6 .- The body of George H. Pendleton, late Minister to Berlin, is expected to reach this city to-morrow night. The next morning it will be taken to Christ Episcopal Church, on Fourth street, where the funeral service will be conducted. Mean-

Funeral of Editor Cowles. uneral of Edwin Cowles, the leading citizens of Cleveland were present and the house, although very large, was the house, attnough very large, was crowded. The floral offerings were extremely beautiful and filled one entire side of the front parlor wherein the casket was placed. A hundred editors, reporters, clerks and printers employed by the Leader were in attendance. The remains were taken to Lakeview cemetery and deposited in the vault.

PHILADELPHIA, March 6. - William ucknell, the philanthropist, died suddenly of apoplexy at his residence in this city last night, aged 79 years. Mr. Bucknell's gifts to Bucknell University at Lewisburg, Pa., amounted to \$142,000. Since 1851 he has given away for church and missionary purposes over \$525,000, and it has been estimated that his disbursements of money in helping his fellow-men will sggregate over \$1,000,000.

An Old Citizen Dend. Mack, for over thirty years a resident of this village, died this morning of pneu-

monia, aged 78. He leaves one son, Frank W. Mack, of the Assectiated Press, to mourn his loss. Fatigued and Grief Stricken. CHICAGO, March 6.-The Chicago Triune has received the following message from Minister Lincoln's Private Sec-

retary: LONDON, March 6. The Minister's family, though fatigued and grief-stricken, are otherwise very

vell. (Signed) ROBERT McCORMICK. Minister Lincoln May Resign.

of Minister Robert Lincoln, express the pinion that Mr. Lincoln, in view of the the death of his son, will soon resign his office and return to his home in

BALTIMORE CONFERENCE. The One Hundred and Sixth Annual S

> at Cumberland.
>
> Cumberland, Mo., March 6.—The Balmore annual conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church met yesterday norning in the Centre Street Church of this city in the one hundred and sixth annual session. The business consisted

annual session. The business consisted largely of the appointment of committees, the election of conference officers and the hearing of statements of officers of educational institutions.

Bishop Merrill, of Chicago presided. Rev. W. T. D. Clemm, of Baltimore, who will on Friday morning prach a sermen in celebration of his fiftieth year in the minister. sermen in celebration of his fiftieth year in the ministry, was the first man to start a discussion. It was a question of the title of the Committee on Temperance which Mr. Clemm wanted changed to a Committee on Prohibition. Dr. C. H. Payne, of the Board of Education, made an address on the work of the board.

THOUGHT IT WAS DESERVED. he Newspaper Bill in Dakota Causing

BISMARCK, N. D., March 6 .- An at empt was made vesterday by friends o Senators Barlow and Dodd to have a committee of the Senate appointed to compare the minority reports submitted by these members on the bill compell ing newspapers outside the State to have an agent inside the State upon whom legal papers might be served, with the preamble of the resolution of censure preamble of the resolution of consur-passed on them yesterday, and to repor whether or not the language in the m nority report warranted the words of censure. The resolution named the committee and made Senator LaMour committee and made Senator LaMouse chairman. He instantly objected to serving, giving as his reason that he had given the minority report careful con-sideration, and had no doubt of the jus-tice of the censure. The resolution was laid on the table by a large majority.

A Crisis in Hungary,

PESTII, March 6.—There is a crisis in the Hungarian Ministry. The resignation of Herr Von Tizza, the Prime Minister, is imminent,

A DASTARDLY DEED. Postmaster Shields, of Flemington, and Reputable Lady Victims of a Mean Trick.

W. L. Shields, postmaster of this town, a prominent Republican politician well known throughout the county, was the victim of a practical joke on Wednesday norning that may prove a serious mai

morning that may prove a serious matter to the jokers. For some months past Mr. Shields' name has been unjustly coupled by the gossips with that of an estimable lady, long resident here, and while no decent person believed or circulated the reports, still the talk became so unbearable that on Tuesday last the husband of the lady concluded to remove his family to another part of the State to escape further persecution.

On Wednesday morning the town was startled to find the Postofilee, Shields' building, and the former residence of the lady, completely draped in mourning. It apparently was the object of the perpetrator of the outrace to convey the idea that Mr. Shields mourned the departure of the lady. Mr. Shields does not take the salfair as a joke and has placed the matter in the hands and prosecute to the full extent of the talk. He also intends that the gossips shall hays a chance to prove some of the many malicious reports or suffer justly for their circulation. The feeling is law. He also intends that the gossips shall have a chance to prove some of the many malicious reports or suffer justly for their circulation. The feeling is for their circulation. The feeling is very bitter over the matter, and the better class of citizens are heartily supporting Mr. Shields in his endeavors to protect the good name of the lady.

Mr. Shields is a brother of General Thomas Shields, of this county, and the prominence of the parties only tends to increase the enormity of the offensa

ncrease the enormity of the offense.

CLAYSVILLE, PA., March 6 .- The Firs National Bank of Claysville was organized on Wednesday, and the following named gentlemen were chosen as directors: B. Minton, N. B. Brockman, J.W. Barnes, J. T. Noble, J. R. Woodburn, J. P. Miller, Robert Knox, James Noble, J. V. Clark, John Biggens and John Thompson. Among the persons who took part in the organization were Dr. Thomas McKennan, Julius P. Miller, Esq., John W. Lockhart, A. M. Todd, and George W. Reed, of Washington, Pa. The meeting was very largely at-

and George W. Reed, of Washington, Pa. The meeting was very largely attended, and those who took stock in the bank are scattered over a wide range of territory, many of them being farmers who have realized largely in oil. There are upwards of 200 stockholders. All the business men residing here have stock in he bank with two exceptions. B. Minton was chosen President, and it is believed R. J. Taggart, formerly of this county, but now of the firm of Graff, Hugus & Co., of Pittsburgh, will be chosen cashier.

pecial Dispatch to the Intelligencer.
CHARLESTON, W. VA., March 6.—The Central Insurance Company, of Parkersburg, has been chartered with a capita stock of \$50,000. Buck Overstreet, a well-known resident of this city, died at 11 o'clock this morning after a brief illness.

A CHURCH ALL TORN UP.

Increase of the Pastor's Salary Cause CHICAGO, March 6.—The trouble in the Englewood First Presbyterian Church, originated by those members of the con gregation who are opposed to a recencrease of Pastor H. S. Williams' salary led to meeting of the congregation last evening in the church, at Sixty fourth and Yale streets, which broke up in the utmost confusion, cat calls, hissing and shouting, and with no solution of the shouting, and with no solution of the matter. Some weeks ago the trustees increased the Rev. Williams' salary from \$2,500 to \$3,500. It met with opposition at once from a portion of the congregation, which said that the pastor was not only not entitled to the increase of salary, but that his presence in the church was no longer desirable. Various reasons were assigned for this. At the meeting last night the trouble began at the outset. John A. Bartlett was made presiding officer. The question of sustaining the trustees was advanced and division of the meeting was demanded on the of the meeting was demanded on the vote. All favoring the trustees were asked to step to one side of the house and those opposing were to take the other. In doing so the confusion increased; growing worse, it became more impossible to decide the question. A motion to adjourn the consideration of the question until the April meeting of the church was carried.

HE WAS A FREE MASON

And Catholic Cometery Authorities Refuse Him Burial in Consecrated Ground. CHICAGO, March 6.—The funeral of expostponed under peculiar circumstances The deceased was to have been buried In a deceased was to have been buried in Calvary cemetery, where his family owns a lot, but at the last moment the cemetery authorities raised the objection that the body could not be interred in consecrated ground, as the ex-Alderman had been a Mason, and dying suddenly, had not received absolution. Twenty-man Alderman were at the City-Hall this had not received absolution. Twenty-one Aldermen were at the City Hall this morning, but at a late hour the cemetery morning, but at a late hour the cemetery authorities refused to waive this point. The funeral was postponed until the relatives of the deceased can overcome the scruples of the cemetery people.

Violated No State Law. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 6 .- Judge Woodson, of the Criminal Court, decided that the State has no case against the that the State has no case against the saloon keepers who violated the Newberry law. He stated that under the law which the prosecution was being made, it was first necessary that a saloon man should have a dram shop license from the State and county before the could violate the Newberry law by running a pool table in his room; that the revised statutes took the control o ons from the county and State and placed them entirely under the jurisdic-tion of the city. None of them indicted had any State or county licenses, and had therefore violated no State law.

Terrible Death on the Road. Connellsville, Pa., March 6 .- Last night a brakeman on the Fayette County Branch of the Baltimore & Ohio road, named Martin J. Morrison, met a terri-bladeath. He was opening a switch and was run down by another engine which he could not see for the blinding snow and smoke. His head was cut in twain. He was about 30 years of age and mar-ried, his wife residing at Bidwell.

preading space and is likely to cover a broad extent of country. Announcement is made that the Memphis route will make rates from Kansas City to points in the South hased on the \$5 rate to St. Bosron, March 6 .- Isaac Watson Cate ho is to accompany Rev. George L.

THE FINAL ATTEMPT

Pay His Back Taxes.

PROCEEDINGS IN MANDAMUS

Morganthaler-A Complete History of the Case-The Hearing Set For June.

LIMA, O., March 6.-A suit in man mus, filed in the Circuit Court by H. W. Morganthaler, through his attorneys Robb & Leete, to compel County Audi according to which and the contract made with the Commissioners of Allen county, he is to receive 20 per cent of all taxes collected through his instrumentality which have been illegally avoided, and that said act provides that upon information given or upon belief of such omission existing said Auditor must compel listing and appearance. On August 10, 1888, at the instance of Morganthaler, County Auditor Polling Issued notice on Calvin S. Brice, who was in New York, to appear before him on August 28 and show why the returns should not be corrected and omissions placed on the treasver's duplicate. This notice was duly served on Brice personally, but he paid no attention to it, announcing that he would have the LAW REPEALED. WOULD HAVE THE LAW BERFITTED

He did not appear then nor at any time since, but instead had his attorney, John E. Richie, now Judge of the Court Join E. Richie, now studged the Court of Common Pleas, appear and request that the matter be laid over indefinitely. This simple request was kindly complied with, Auditor Poling and Brice being years coul friends, and nothing further. of very good friends, and nothing further was also as done until Cyrus D. Crites, the new St was done until Cyrus D. Crites, the new St was some until Cyrus D. Crites, the new St was served on September 16, 1889 are requesting Brice's appearance, and stating that in default the Anditor would proceed to assess and correct the tax duplicate on evidence furnished by Morganthaler. Brice not appearing the tax duplicate on evidence furnished by Morganthaler. Brice not appearing to the Manhattan Club made it necessary to get rid of many bottles on which cobstemed by Morganthaler. Brice not appearing to many bottles on which cobstemed by Morganthaler. Brice not appearing to many bottles on which cobstemed by Morganthaler. Brice net on and Charles J. Clinch, the executors of the Stewart estate, ordered the sale, and the supportion in the Court of Common Pleas, of which his attorney, Richie, was now be putting in the Court of Common Pleas, of which his attorney, Richie, was now be larged to the sale and made correct and complete returns for each of the five years in question, on all property taxable in Allen county. At this time Brice was paying taxes on personal property valued at a five thousand dollars. If the affidavit is true, it forces the question into two issues. Either his property is valued at only five thousand dollars, and the supposition that he is a millionaire is

A MISTAKEN IMPRESSION

Sold part of the contents of the late A. T. Stewart's wine cellar yesterday after-noon. The lease of the Stewart mansion to the Manhattan Club made it necessary to get rid of many bottles on which cobstemed. A tent of many bottles on which cobstemed. A tent of many bottles on which cobstemed to many bottles on which cobstemed. A tent of many bottles on the Manhattan Club many bottles of the Measure of the Stewart was to get rid of many bottles on which cobstemed. A tent of many bottles on the Manhattan Club mande in the Measure of the Measure depting on and correct in the many bottles on which cobstemed. In the Measure was

A MISTAKEN IMPRESSION or he was a citizen of Allen county and owned only \$5,000 worth of taxable owned only \$5,000 worth of taxable property here. As a non-resident a nontice of deposition was then served on Brice in New York, at the instance of Morganthaler, who made affidavit that he believed the returns in question to be false, and that he had evidence in his possession demonstrating beyond question that Brice's personal property was valued at a sum far in excess of the returns, and the day for taking the same was fixed at October 24, 1889. But before the day mentioned, and under the protest of Morganthaler, Auditor Crites, who, until now, had expressed the greatest willingness to assist in ferreting out the case, postponed action unit November 1, in the face of the injunction against any step in the proceedings. On the afternoon before the last named date, Brice, through his attorney, dismissed the injunction and telegraphed that he would appear. This was the time at which Brice's name was being mentioned for the United States being mentioned for the United States Senate, and it was deemed advisable to let the matter rest until after the election. Morganthaler then urged Crites to proceed without further delay, and Crites took the achievance of the class of the case, of the case property here. As a non-resident a notion. Morganthaler then urged Crites to proceed without further delay, and Crites took the opinion to the Prosecuting Attorney, who advised that it required a prima facie case, that is, by witnesses competent to testify and be subpenaed within the jurisdiction of the County Auditor, and that it would be necessary to

FURNISH EVIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY omitted, and its value, year by year, and Alderman Charles Hillock, which was that the Auditor would then be obliged to have been held to-day, has been to cite Brice and give him a chance to make a correct return, and that the Auditor should show avidence and make a claim on the evidence only. Crives, though first offering to permit a discussion of the opinion by Morganthals r, and fixing a day for its argument, acw declined discussion or to refer it to the State Auditor or to the Attorney General. He maintained that the Protecuting Attorney was his constituted legal adviser and that his opinion would protect him from responsibility. Then without consulting Morganthaler or giving him notice, Crites, after consultation with Brice's Crites, after consultation with Brice's attorney, continued the case until No-vember 2, and again till January 16, under protest. Ater the last continuaunder protest. After the last continua-tion till December 16, 1889, Morgan-thaler being requested to place evidence, and Brice since having come into Ohio and Allen county, and within reach of process, he (Morganthaler) demanded that process be issued at once, and that Brice be otted to appear as a witness and testify December 16, 1889. This Auditor Crites temporarily declined to do, and then absolutely refused, giving no rea-son except that Brice was busy, and en-gaged in his contest for the United States Senate. On January 16 the evidence was all brought up, and showed Brice had illegally avoided payment on \$2,800,-000. The Auditor AGAIN REFUSED TO ISSUE PROCESS

and continued the hearing by again postponing it till February 6, after consulting the wishes of Brice's attorney. He did not even then promise to issue either on the last-named day set forth, or at any time in the future. However, process was issued and Morganthaler served the same on Brice, who, however, left and did not return. Morganthaler then sgaln made a demand that the property be assessed as nearly as possible, but it was again refused, and on February 5 the injunction suit was filed at the instance of A. C. Reichelderfer, through his attorneys, who are also Brice's attorneys, raying that an injunction be granted against the officials of Allen bounty from paying Morganthaler his 20 per cent commission as cording to the contract with the Allen county Commissioners, for various reasons set forth in the petition. A temporary injunction being granted by Judge John E. Richie, Brice's former attorney, and Crites refusing to act in any manner because of the injunction. ing the wishes of Brice's attorney.

To Make Senator-Elect Brice

Allen county, setting forth also in his plea that the injunction suit of Reichelderfer is a special case, the taxes having already been collected, and that therefore it does not bear on the case where the assessment has not yet been made. The suit will be for hearing at the June term of court, and the case being so complicated with fine points of law, the decision will be watched with the greatest interest.

GOV. PALMER A CANDIDATE

Begun by Special Tax Collecto For the United States Senatorship in Illi-nois-He Lajs Down the Exact Condi-tions. CHICAGO, March 6.-Unusual interes

ttaches to to-day's meeting here of the Democratic State Central Committee, on account of the published announce ment in this morning's Times that ex-Governor Palmer would be a candidate Robb & Leete, to compel County Auditor C. D. Crites to proceed in the action of listing the delinquent taxes of Senator Calvin S. Brice, is the beginning of the end of one of the most important and intricate civil suits ever brought in specific orders. Morganthaler, as tax collector, in his petition avers that he is acting in accordance with the provisions of an act of the General Assembly of Ohio. The provisions of an act of the General Assembly of Ohio, as response to Democratic inquiries to the contract civil suits ever brought in accordance with the provisions of an act of the General Assembly of Ohio, form all portions of the State. Mindful passed and taking effect April 10, 1888, according to which and the contract made with the Commissioners of the State convention is a united by the coming State convention is a united by the coming State of the State, it states that what is most to be desired in two near Hamburg, about 8:15 o'clock. The front part of the train, consisting of engine, tender, smoker and two day coaches was quickly brought to a stand-still. The rear half, composed of five heavy Pullman cars, came on down form all portions of the State. Mindful states Senator. This letter is intended at the provisions of the State. Mindful form all portions of the State, it states that what is most to be desired in the coming State convention is a united by the same to make up lost time, stoke in two finds unning very fast to make up lost time, stoke in two finds unning very fast to make up lost time, stoke in two finds unning very fast to make up lost time, stoke in two finds unning very fast to make up lost time, stoke in two finds unning very fast to make up lost time, stoke in two finds unning very fast to make up lost time, stoke in two finds unning very fast to make up lost time, stoke in two finds unning very fast to make up lost time, stoke in two finds unning very fast to make up lost time, stoke in two finds unning to the solution. The times that the two hear is to the chairman of the Democratic S scoming State convention is a unity sentiment and an accord of action. of sentiment and an accord of action.
Under one condition only will Governor Palmer consent to be considered a candidate for the United States Senate. Should the sentiments of the Democrats of Illinois, as manifested through the delegates to the coming State convention that the Democratic candidate for United States Senator should be named by that convention, and should that convention, cognizant of the record and principles of Governor Palmer, unanimously declare him its choice, and request him to make a personal canvass throughout the State in the coming legislative campaign, then only would he accept the nomination conferred thus, and challenge his Republican opponent to a joint debate in every Congressional district on State and national issues.

CHOICE OLD WINE.

art of A. T. Stewart's Collection is Sold by New York, March 6.-An auctioneer old part of the contents of the late A. T. Stewart's wine cellar yesterday after-

trotting qualities of Mr. Eobert Bonner's celebrated mare Sunat (2:104) for the season of 1890, and believing that Mr. Budd Doble would be willing to trot the cebrated stallion Axtell (2:12) the managers of the fast mile track known as the Dundee Park, near here, offer a purse of \$10,000 to be contested for by these two cracks under the following conditions: Eatrance fee, winner to take the entire \$10,000. Best 3 in 5 to harness; governaded by the rules of the National Trotting Association. Races to take place the last of September or first week in October.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., March 6,-A sculling match has been arranged between Neil Matterson and Peter Kemp for the championship of the world. William J. O'Connor, the Canadian oarsman, has arrived here. He met with a warm wel-

- RECOMMENDED FOR PARDON

Harper, the Fidelity Bank Wrecker, May COLUMBUS. O., March 6.-E. L. Harper, recommended by the Board of Managers of the Ohio Penitentiary for pardon. of the Ohio Penitentiary for pardon. The recommendation, with a full history of the case and the grounds for the action, has been prepared and will be forwarded to President Harrison at once. Harper was Vice President of the Fidelity National Bank and lost the money of the concern in Chicago wheat deals. He was received at the Penitentiary December 12, 1887, on a ten year sentence. By the good time which he has gained and will continue to gain, he would have only a little more than four years to serve.

years to serve.

In English Syndicate to Monor

by Judge John E. Richie, Brice's former rived at Moville March 6. — Arrived: attorney, and Crites refusing to act in any manner because of the injunction, Morganthaler now commences his second aut in mandamus to compel Crites for discharge his duties as Auditor of Denia, New York.

Thirty-five Killed and Injured Near Buffalo, N. Y.

A TRAIN FULL OF PASSENGERS

Breaks in Two and Five Heavy Pullman Coaches Rush Down a Grade, Crashing Into a Day Coach. Ten People Killed.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 6 .- Train No. 12, on the Lake Shore railroad from the West, due in Buffalo at 9:10 p. m., and running very fast to make up lost time,

coach.

Both the day coaches and the Pullman were full of passengers, and the loss of life and limb will probably be very high. Ten were reported killed outright.

LATER.

Information from the Train Dis-patcher's office is that the south track was clear at 12:10 a. m. so that trains was ciear at 12:10 a. m. so that trains could pass. Four persons are reported killed and ten injured, one fatally. The wrecking train sent word to the Fitch Hospital at 12:30 to be prepared for ten persons, and that they were ready to start back.

A later dispatch says: As near as can be ascertained 10 were killed and 25 injured.

The train parted some miles west of Interrain parted some miles west of Hamburg, at the coupling between the last dast day coach and the first sleeper. The Pullman was completely buried beneath the other car. Au engine was dispatched to Buffalo for aid. J. F. Minnie, who had his arm cut off, being taken along. It was two and a half hours before the physicians arrived.

arrived.

A wrecking train preceded the relief train and the work was begun of extricating the imprisoned sufferers. The bodies already taken out are stretched bodies already taken out are stretched in a baggage car.

A great bonfire on the side of the lake throws a lurid light upon the terrible scene. A passenger says the coupling was defective.

BEFOOLED AND BEFUDDLED.

wedes and Hungarians who were Deceived Into Coming to America. Pittsburgh, Pa., March 6.-Fifteen bepoled and befuddled Swedes and Hungarians passed through this city to-day, as miserable a looking lot day, as miserable a looking lot as was ever deceived into commot extravagant.

A TEN CLUB SCHEDULE.

The National League Finally Decides—indicanapolis in To Stick.

CLEVELAND, O., March 6.—The final meeting of the League Schedule Committee was held to-day. The sole business transacted was the adoption of a ten club schedule, which was forced upon the organization by the refusal of the Indianapolis club to retire. The League early decided not to use coercive measures and when it became evident that Indianapolis was in to stick, the second of t

A BOLD BURGLARY.

afe of a Jewelry Store Broken Open in the Glare of an Electric Light. KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 6.—Burgars entered the jewelry store of Bob J. Dunning, 438 Minnesota avenue, Kansas Dunning, 438 Minnesota avenue, Kansas City, Kas, at an early hour yesterday morning, and directly underneath the full glare of an electric light broke the safe open with a ten-pound sledge and secured \$4,000 worth of diamonds, rings, watches and chains. The entrance was effected by forcing open the front door with a crow bar. The jewery in the cases was not disturbed. The police cases was not disturbed, authorities of both Kansas

once notified of the robbery and given a description of the stolen property. The trays which contained the jewelry were taken from the safe and carried a block down the avenue and thrown away.

It was after 7 o'clock yesterday morning when Dunning arrived at the store and found the door open, the combination knob of the safe lying on the floor and the heavy sledge haumer near it. On each side of the hammer used in breaking open the safe was discovered a name almost too small to be made out. breaking open the sale was uncovered a name almost too small to be made out. The detectives are alert and they think they will soon capture the burglars.

SAFE BLOWN OPEN.

An Infernal Machine Used—Novel Burglary Perpetrated,
CARROLLTON, ILL., March 6.—A novel way of blowing open a safe was that adopted by the burglar who secured all the funds from the United Express Comthe funds from the United Express Com-pany's office last Friday night.

At first it was believed the explosive had been blown through the cracks of the safe, but the agent recollects that on Friday afternoon a stranger entered the office and asked him to care for a very valuable package. This was placed in the safe and has not since been called for. It is supposed the excellent

for. It is supposed the package was an infernal machine with a clock attach TWO MORE BATTLES.

The French Defeat the King of Dahomy, Paris, March 6.—The Soleil has received information that another battle has been lought between a force of

has been lought between a force of French troops and a force of the troops of the King of Dahomey. Eight of the combatants were killed and many of them were wounded. A number of Frenchmen and other Europeans were captured by the Dahomians.

Other advices received here state that after the above mentioned fight the Dahomians made a second attack upon Kotonon. They were finally repulsed, leaving 400 of their number dead on the field. Among the dead were found field. Among the dead were found several of the female warriors of the King of Dahomy.

THE CZAR THREATENED. It is Not Surprising in View of the Siberian

Sr. Petersnuse, March 6.-The Czar has received a threatening letter from a has received a threatening letter from a woman who signs herself "Tichebrikova." The writer says that unless he modifies his reactionary policy he will meet the fate of Peter III, Paul I and Alexander III. A copy of the letter was sent to each of the ministers at the same time. The police are extra watchful and are conducting an active search for the persons suspected of being implicated in sending the letter.

Wny doesn't he take Hood's Sarsaparilla?" is the general inquiry of friends when a person suffers from any disease of the blood,